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CBC Newsletter

for members of the Carolina Bird Club, Inc., ornithological society of the Carolinas

Volume 50 August 2004 Number 4

CBC Meeting in Augusta, GA September 24-26, 2004

Fall For Birding! *By Paul Koehler*

If you are reading this newsletter, chances are you are an avid birder and (hopefully) planning to attend the September CBC meeting in Augusta. But how did you "fall for birding?" Many of us are hooked by the beauty of the birds, the marvels of migration, or the addictive listing that can be generated by this hobby. Whatever the reason, many of us were introduced to birding by a relative, a friend, or a friend of a friend. The upcoming fall meeting provides a great opportunity to invite others to "fall for birding." The more we can grow the Carolina Bird Club, the more fun we can have and, more importantly, the more we can do for bird conservation. So think about sharing the adventure with a friend or two—you might spark another's lifelong interest in birds.

And birds we will see! The Augusta area can't offer mountains or the ocean, but has just about every habitat in between—and we'll visit them all! (See the field trip descriptions in this newsletter.) Combining the great hot spots with the fall migration should make all the "listers" quite happy. Augusta has plenty to offer outside of birding, so plan an extended stay if you have the time.

Here are the details for the meeting: Hotel and conference accommodations have been arranged in Augusta at the Quality Inn (706-737-5550) and Sleep Inn (706-737-7473). Rates range from $49-$59 per room, with 2-room suites available at $82, plus 13% tax. The hotels are side-by-side with a conference facility between them. The Quality Inn features full kitchens and exterior room entrances, while the Sleep Inn features micro-fridges and interior entrances. The weather will still be warm and the hotels share an outdoor pool, so pack your swimsuit. Extended continental breakfasts at each hotel are available beginning at 6 am. Please make your reservation by September 8, and remember to mention the Carolina Bird Club. The hotels are reached from all points east by taking Exit #200 from I-20 West. Continue straight through the light at the off-ramp onto Claussen Road and the hotels are a half-mile on your right. A dinner banquet will not be given during the meetings, but there are many, many nearby restaurants.

Please mail in the registration form in this newsletter and make sure you indicate your field trip choices. A formal registration for the meeting will begin at noon on Friday (9/24) and continue through the evening at the conference center, although packets of information will be available at the hotel desks for those checking in prior to registration. A social hour will be held Friday and Saturday nights beginning at 7 pm in the conference room and spilling out into the pool area. Don't miss this chance to meet old friends, make new friends, and compare the day's good birding finds.

The speaker Friday night (8 pm) will be Laurel Moore-Barnhill, a biologist with the U.S. Forest Service at the Savannah River Site (SRS). She will give a presentation on the Red-cockaded Woodpecker and the management steps being taken at SRS for the recovery of this endangered species. The talk will also be a prelude to two field trips being made to Fort Gordon in search of the RCW. On Saturday night, a biologist from the nearby headquarters of the National Wild Turkey Federation will give us a look at restoration efforts their group has undertaken for this impressive bird.

Augusta-Aiken Audubon is hosting the weekend meetings. We hope you'll come early, stay late, and have a great time. Questions? Call Paul Koehler, Director of the Silver Bluff Audubon Center, at 803-471-0291.

CBC Memory

By Andrea Ceselski and Gail Lankford

Grousing in the Rain Gail had the idea to offer a field trip on the Blue Ridge Parkway south of Asheville for those driving home after leaving the Fontana meeting on Sunday, May 2, 2004. She planned the trip and Marilyn Westphal signed on as the expert birder/leader. Twenty-five people signed up for the trip in advance. Out of those 25, only seven actually made the heroic effort to find birds that day.

Gail rode with Andrea from Fontana. After good birding in mist and light rain at the Fontana Dam, they headed to the Parkway. The rain continued and increased, however, this did not dampen the spirits of this daring duo. Leaving Hwy. 74 at Balsam for the Parkway, they immediately encountered both heavy fog and wind. Needless to say, it was still raining. As they went by the first few overlooks that had been suggested as meeting sites, they mimicked Red-eyed Vireos as they chanted, "Here we are, where are you?" They finally found Marilyn and John Ennis in separate cars, windows cracked, discussing their sanity.

These four dedicated amateur ornithologists then set forth against all odds into the rain, wind, and fog. The few cars they passed were all beating a hasty retreat to safety. At Devil's Courthouse they found a car with three more brave souls– Edith Tatum, Becky Yost, and Becky Bateman. There was no trace of the actual huge rock outcrop that gives the overlook its name, let alone nesting Peregrine Falcons. Instead there was a hurricane. However, they joined together and continued their quest for bird life, **any** bird life. No hurricane could stop the Magnificent Seven as they pressed forward through the rain, wind, and fog to even "graver" weather.

At Graveyard Fields gale-force winds almost blew the group over the edge, physically and mentally, but not before a Canada Warbler was identified! Leaving the storm tossed area, which uncharacteristically had plenty of available parking on this May Sunday morning, driving was hairy as the Dauntless Seven dodged rockslides as they pushed north through the rain, wind, and fog. They had to cross downed branches as they searched for the elusive Ruffed Grouse along the road. Surprisingly, the fog lifted for a few seconds, and Cold Mountain was viewed by all, along with a singing Chestnut-sided Warbler.

Having left the Parkway at Wagon Road Gap to escape the dense fog, the intrepid party discovered the Pink Beds were flooded by the previously mentioned hurricane. However, Cerulean and Blackpoll Warblers were singing in the area. Proceeding down the Forest Service Road past Looking Glass Rock, mudslides made travel treacherous, much like driving in quicksand. As they continued down Hwy. 276, monsoons were encountered and five of this hardy party gave up the quest and departed for home. The two remaining amateur ornithologists continued until the rain, wind, and fog abated, allowing these last birders to get the Worm-eating Warbler.

This was not a field trip for the faint of heart! Nevertheless, 14 species of warblers were encountered among the total species count of 30. Grousing in the rain, however, produced no grouse. To the two authors of this account the trip was, as John Fussell would say, very entertaining. Also as W. Coffey might say, it was certainly a trip that was intimate with nature!

Upcoming CBC Meetings

Atlantic Beach, NC - Jan. 28-30, 2005

Blowing Rock, NC - April 29-May 1, 2005

Welcome New CBC Members!

Carolyn Bates, Swansboro, NC
Ellen Blundy, Lexington, SC
Kimberly Childs, Asheville, NC
Harvey Neal, Hendersonville, NC
Kendrick Weeks, Fuquay Varina, NC

Feathered Features

Wings Over Water November 2-7, 2004 Field trips, workshops, and interpretive programs are offered on North Carolina's Outer Banks. Many CBC members take part as leaders and many others attend the festival. This year the keynote event will be a dinner on November 5th at The Dunes Restaurant in Nags Head, followed by a discussion on "The Ethics of Birding." For a copy of the Schedule of Events and Registration Information (with beautiful illustrations by Mike Skakuj) call 252-441-8144 or visit their website at www.wingsoverwater.org.

Angelo Capparella has accepted the position of **Curator of Birds at the NC Museum of Natural Sciences** in Raleigh that was opened with the retirement of David Lee. Born and raised in the Triangle area of NC, he first started birding while an undergraduate at UNC, under the guidance of CBC members Robin Carter and Barbara Roth. Welcome back to the Carolinas, Angelo!

Identicus assisticus *By Dave Gascoigne*

Catharus Thrushes Whenever I have led a field trip, there are always people who have trouble identifying the various *Catharus* thrushes and distinguishing one from the other. Novice birders especially have trouble with this group, but more experienced birders are sometimes confused also.

As with all birds, learn the songs if you are in an area where they are vocalizing. This is the most infallible clue. However, there are key morphological differences that will help you to separate these thrushes.

Veery, *Catharus fuscescens*

Decidedly tawny upper parts and very light and sparse spotting on the breast distinguish it from other similar thrushes; no obvious eye ring. Song very distinctive: a rolling a rolling *whee-u, whee-u, re-a, re-a* on a descending scale. Call: *phew* or *whee-u,* downslurred.

Gray-cheeked Thrush, *Catharus minimus*

Distinguished from Veery by heavy, instead of very light breast spots, and by much grayer (not tawny) general coloration; from Hermit Thrush by dull-olive instead of reddish tail; from Swainson's Thrush by grayish (instead of buffy) eye-ring and cheeks. Voice: Song suggests that of Veery but usually rises in pitch near the end.

Swainson's Thrush, *Catharus ustulatus*

Breast is much more heavily spotted than that of Veery, lacks reddish-brown tail of Hermit Thrush, and the buffy eye-ring and face distinguish it from Gray-cheeked Thrush. Song less impressive than Hermit Thrush, but still very musical and pleasing. Each phrase rises higher than preceding one, rolling upward. Calls include a *wick* and a high-pitched *queep.*

Hermit Thrush, *Catharus guttatus*

A brown-backed thrush with a well-spotted breast and a distinctive *reddish* tail. Often slowly raises the tail after alighting or when disturbed, and frequently flicks wings. Voice: Many consider it to be the finest singer in North America. A clear, ethereal, bell-like song made up of phrases with considerable pauses between. The phrases are similar in form but in various pitches. The lower phrases are extremely beautiful. The first note of each phrase is lower and longer than the rest of the notes; also a soft *chuck* and several other calls.

Just Outside the Window *By Donna Slyce*

It was pure serendipity, an encounter that depended more on luck and timing than skill. I could see the small bird as it entered the opening and I followed it as it landed in one pine sapling, then made its way to a dogwood sapling. The bird hopped around onto one limb and sidled out the limb, disappearing under two larger overlapping leaves at the end of the branch. Clamped in the bird's beak was a small clump of velvet moss with some soil still attached. In a few seconds the bird re-appeared without the velvet moss. I bent over, directing my vision under the overlapping leaves and was surprised to find a nearly-complete White-eyed Vireo nest. The nest was about the size of a cupped hand, composed mostly of dead willow leaves and bark held together with spider and webworm silk. Adorned with bits of still-green leaves and still living velvet moss, the nest was lined lightly with plant silk, the silk of dandelion heads and broomstraw.

White-eyed Vireos are more than a little unusual for songbirds that breed locally. They are one of the few locally breeding songbirds who build a pendulous nest along with a couple of orioles and the rest of the locally breeding vireos. Even among that small select group, they are unusual. White-eyed Vireos like their nests close to the ground, shoulder-level, eye-level, in deciduous saplings. With the possible exception of the Blue-headed Vireo, the other vireos build nests that are generally well above head-high level and the orioles prefer a loftier situation for their nests, as well.

White-eyed Vireos are typical vireos in at least one aspect. Like the other vireos, the mated pair of White-eyed Vireos share incubation duties, with the male bird taking his turn sitting on the eggs. As with most all other songbirds as well as other vireos, the male White-eyed Vireo feeds the nestlings and cares for the young once they fledge.

There is one last thing unusual about the White-eyed Vireo nest I found. Occasional visits revealed that the nest, so long as the birds were in it and actively using the nest, remained a living structure, the velvet moss remaining green and soft. Even the bits of leaf on the outside of the nest did not become brown as quickly as it seemed they should. So long as the birds were using it, the nest remained a living structure. Perhaps the lengthy "green period" of the velvet moss and the green leaf bits illustrates a corner of the puzzle of birds, trees, forests, and mutual interdependence.

Why Oklahoma? *By Bruce Young*

As I prepared for the CBC trip to western Oklahoma in May, many people asked me, "Why are you going to Oklahoma?" My standard answer, "So I can see a Roadrunner!" worked for most people. But it was a good question, what was I going to see? That question is why we go.

Ten of us piled into two vans in Oklahoma City, led by John Dole in van 1 and John Buettner in van 2 (aka, the cool van). Disclaimer: the writer was in van 2. As often happens on such trips, inter-van rivalry soon reared its ugly head. John D. was forced to turn off his walkie-talkie for long stretches to avoid us serenading his van with tunes from "Oklahoma!" Our ombudsman and his "hat of payne" tried to keep order, but his efforts just stimulated the bad element to more creative efforts.

Soon the Wichita mountains loomed out of the plain. A wooded trail up into the mountains yielded us several Black-capped Vireo, Rufous-crowned Sparrow, and Rock Wren. Pronghorns, prairie dogs, Burrowing Owls, and bison dotted the open areas of the park, some standing right by the road. Later in the day we visited Hackberry Flats, a large area of flooded plains that was teeming with birds. Dickcissel jumped from fence posts, Black Terns swooped over a lake, and we found Snowy and American-Golden Plovers, Baird's Sandpiper, Wilson's Phalarope, and a Neotropic Cormorant in the fields.

The next morning down by the Red River we out-waited a skulking Verdin and were rewarded with him singing in the sun. We also found my Roadrunner(!) and scared a Barn Owl out of a house we thought was too decrepit even for him. We then moved on to the centerpiece of the trip, Black Mesa SP in the furthest tip of the panhandle. Steep canyons, riparian parks, and wide plains composed the landscape. We were woken in the morning at our little B&B in Kenyon by serenading Bullock's Orioles and Western Kingbirds. Among the swirling Black-chinned and Ruby-throated Hummers at a neighbor's feeders, John D. found what would be the third state record of a Broad-tailed. Nearby, after an obliging Lewis's Woodpecker sat still for as long as we cared to look, we found a Golden Eagle soaring. It was harassed by a Swainson's Hawk, Common Ravens, and three Mississippi Kites all in the space of five minutes. It's a rough life for an eagle when there are few trees to hide in.

At night we called in a Western Screech-Owl and he calmly sat 30 feet away in the flashlight's glare for several minutes as we watched him. A side trip to Mt. Capulin in New Mexico gave us Mountain Bluebird, Green-tailed Towhee, and a Western Tanager glowing in the midday sun; and we spent a morning in Kansas at a Lesser Prairie Chicken lek watching the males dance.

Many thanks to John D. for his excellent and flexible leadership and to John B. for doing all the driving. Now I have a better answer to "What will you see in Oklahoma?" "A lot!"

CBC Bonus Field Trips

Southeast NC Coast-Saturday, October 23

Join fellow CBC members for a day of fall birding along the NC coast. We'll meet at 7:30 am at the Fort Fisher Civil War Museum parking lot located on the west side of Hwy. 421, just south of Kure Beach. The trip will focus on local hot spots in the Greater Fort Fisher area with its ocean front, mud flats, tidal basin, and area maritime forest. We hope to use four-wheel drive vehicles part of the day to drive out on the ocean front to access what can be excellent mud flats. The trip will be limited to 12 participants and will cost $10. Bring drinks and a picnic lunch; restrooms are available in the area.. There will be relatively easy walking involved. For more information or to reserve your place for the trip, please contact Stephen Harris at 910–791-9034 or srharris@mindspring.com **before** sending in your registration money. Please let Stephen know if you have a four-wheel drive vehicle that could used for the trip.

Nicole White Kennedy

The Shackleford Banks trips are full. As of late June there are still a few spaces left on the **Fall Migration on Edisto Island, SC September 10-11 trip. Contact Marcia Watkins at 803-779-7570 or marcia.watkins@gte.net to sign up. The November CBC trip to Trinidad and Tobago is full.

Augusta Field Trip Schedule

All field trips leave from the motel parking lots. Departure times are staggered so note the time for your trip carefully. Arrive at least five minutes before departure time. Please carpool if possible because excessive vehicles are a problem in some areas. For all-day trips you will need to bring a lunch except for trips 1 and 15. For half-day trips you may want to bring a snack and a beverage. Morning trips will be over by noon so you will have time to get back to the motel, eat lunch, and be ready for any afternoon field trips you may want to attend. Afternoon field trips will be shorter than the morning trips. *Field trip schedule and descriptions by Anne Waters.*

Friday, September 24

All-day
Trip #1 Beaverdam Ditch & Brickyard Ponds, 7:20 am
Trip #2 Silver Bluff Audubon Sanctuary, 7:20 am
Trip #3 Gum Swamp Road & Horse Creek Water Treatment Plant, 7:40 am

Half-day morning
Trip #4 Phinizy Swamp-A, 7:00 am
Trip #5 Phinizy Swamp-B, 7:00 am
Trip #6 Phinizy Swamp-C, 7:00 am
Trip #7 Lover's Lane & Levee, 7:10 am
Trip #8 Old Lover's Lane & Brickyard Ponds, 7:10 am
Trip #9 Silver Bluff Interpretive Trail, 7:30 am

Half-day afternoon
Trip #10 Silver Bluff Interpretive Trail, 1:45 pm
Trip #11 Phinizy Swamp-A, 2:00 pm
Trip #12 Phinizy Swamp-B, 2:00 pm
Trip #13 Phinizy Swamp-C, 2:00 pm
Trip #14 Lover's Lane & Levee, 2:15 pm

Saturday, September 25

All-day
Trip #15 Beaverdam Ditch & Brickyard Ponds, 7:20 am
Trip #16 Silver Bluff Audubon Sanctuary, 7:20 am
Trip #17 Gum Swamp Road & Horse Creek Water Treatment Plant, 7:40 am

Half-day morning
Trip #18 Fort Gordon Army Base, 6:20 am
Trip #19 Phinizy Swamp-A, 7:00 am
Trip #20 Phinizy Swamp-B, 7:00 am
Trip #21 Phinizy Swamp-C, 7:00 am
Trip #22 Lover's Lane & Levee, 7:10 am
Trip #23 Old Lover's Lane & Brickyard Ponds, 7:10 am
Trip #24 Silver Bluff Interpretive Trail, 7:30 am

Half-day afternoon
Trip #25 Silver Bluff Interpretive Trail, 1:45 pm
Trip #26 Old Lover's Lane & Brickyard Ponds, 1:45 pm
Trip #27 Phinizy Swamp-A, 2:00 pm
Trip #28 Phinizy Swamp-B, 2:00 pm
Trip #29 Phinizy Swamp-C, 2:00 pm
Trip #30 Lover's Lane & Levee, 2:15 pm

Sunday, September 26

Half-day morning
Trip #31 Fort Gordon Army Base, 6:20 am
Trip #32 Phinizy Swamp-A, 7:00 am
Trip #33 Phinizy Swamp-C, 7:00 am
Trip #34 Lover's Lane & Levee, 7:10 am
Trip #35 Old Lover's Lane & Brickyard Ponds, 7:10 am
Trip #36 Silver Bluff Audubon Sanctuary, 7:20 am
Trip #37 Gum Swamp Road, 7:40 am

Augusta Field Trip Descriptions

Trips 4, 11, 19, 27, 32. Phinizy Swamp-A. Half-day Phinizy Swamp is a nature park and constructed wetland for waste water treatment. The swamp is a large area with trails, boardwalks, and miles of dikes to hike. There will be three field trips that will cover different areas in the swamp in varied orders. This trip will begin at the boardwalk over Beaverdam Creek and swamp. Next we'll visit the Visitor Center. After we will walk past constructed wetland cells to the pavilion over an old oxbow. Then we'll proceed through a floodplain swamp and across Butler Creek, down Beaverdam Trail, past Mayor's fishing pond and Beaverdam overlook, emerging in the parking area. This will be an all walking trip lead by Lois Stacy.

Trips 5, 12, 20, 28. Phinizy Swamp-B. Half-day This trip to Phinizy Swamp will hike the Butler Creek Trail, then walk across the parking lot to the Beaverdam Trail. We will follow the trail past Beaverdam Overlook, Mayor's fishing pond, across Butler Creek, then through a floodplain swamp. From there we will visit the pavilion on an old oxbow. Next we'll proceed across a boardwalk and walk along some of the dikes in the constructed wetlands and end up at the Visitor Center. From the center we will hike across a boardwalk over Beaverdam Creek and swamp to emerge at the parking lot. This will be an all walking trip lead by Anne Waters.

Trips 6, 13, 21, 29, 33. Phinizy Swamp-C. Half-day Along the back of the constructed wetlands is a natural part of Phinizy Swamp, which was part of the swamp before the wetlands were constructed to treat waste water. This trip to Phinizy Swamp will begin with a visit to the Visitor Center, then the group will drive to the back of the constructed wetlands, park, and bird along the back areas, which include a river scar and oxbow lake. We'll hike on dikes that have wooded swamp on one side and constructed wetlands on the other. The trip will be a combination of driving and hiking lead by Larry and Carol Eldridge or Ruth Mead.

Trips 7, 14, 22, 30, 34. Lover's Lane & Levee. Half-day We'll drive down Columbia Nitrogen Road and stop at a large swamp that is good for waders and shorebirds. Next we will proceed down Lover's Lane past chemical plants, fields, and a new part of the Brickyard Ponds, to a dirt road which goes through hardwoods, fields, and swamps. From there the group will drive up to the levee. The Augusta levee was built to provide flood protection from the Savannah River. Dirt was dug from the sides creating "creeks" on either side. These creeks have grown up into hardwood areas on both sides. All of these areas are good for migrants. The trip will be mostly by car with stops to get out and bird, and will be lead by Gene Howard.

Trips 8, 23, 26, 35. Old Lover's Lane & Brickyard Ponds. Half-day Lover's Lane is a dirt road through deciduous woods just below the Augusta levee. The trip will proceed down Columbia Nitrogen Road and stop at a large swamp that is good for waders and shorebirds, then turn back and explore a pond and old sections of Lover's Lane that are no longer open to vehicles. These deciduous woods can be very good for migrants. From there we'll go into the Brickyard Ponds. We'll check several ponds to see what water birds are present, though ducks will not have arrived yet. The main area of Old Lover's Lane is walking only. This trip will combine driving and walking and will be lead by Judy Gregory.

Trips 1, 15. Beaverdam Ditch & Brickyard Ponds. All-day. In the morning we'll hike down Beaverdam Ditch. The ditch was dug to provide a way to get storm water from Augusta into Phinizy Swamp. The trail along the ditch goes through hardwoods and swamps that are excellent for migrants. This part of the trip will be all walking and will take most of the morning. After lunch at a nearby fast food restaurant (or you can pack your own) we'll go to the Brickyard Ponds, which were created when clay was dug to make brick. The mining areas filled with water creating many large and small ponds. We will check both old and new ponds for birds. The afternoon will be mostly driving, then stopping to bird a pond, then driving to another pond to bird. George Reeves leads the trip.

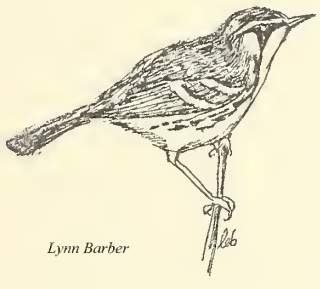
Trips 18, 31. Fort Gordon Army Base. Half-day We'll go to an area on the military reservation to view a Red-cockaded Woodpecker colony. Because the woodpeckers tend to leave the colony early to go out and forage, this trip leaves earlier than the other trips to give us our best chance to see these birds at the colony. After viewing the colony, we will bird other areas of Fort Gordon, including upland pine sites, low-lying, wetter areas, and a pond. Ken Boyd leads.

Trips 2, 16. Silver Bluff Audubon Sanctuary. All-day Located along the Savannah River across from Augusta in South Carolina near the town of Jackson, the Sanctuary is over 3,000 acres in size, with diverse habitats including river swamps, hardwood forests, pine forests, Carolina Bays, constructed foraging ponds for Wood Storks, and old fields. This trip will start with a hike around the constructed ponds. Next we'll drive down to the river to bird around the boat ramp and then

visit a swampy area known locally as "The Island." This second growth area is great for migrants. We'll go to the education building to eat our packed lunches. There is a drink machine where you may purchase a drink. After lunch we will bird a loop road that goes through pine areas, hardwood forests, a tupelo swamp, and old fields. The trip will be a combination of hiking and driving, with most of the hiking in the morning. Paul Koehler leads.

Trip 36. Silver Bluff Audubon Sanctuary. Half-day This half-day exploration of the sanctuary (see description above) will start at the education building and will drive and bird a loop road that goes through pine areas, hardwood forests, a tupelo swamp, and old fields. It will be mostly driving and stopping to bird different areas. Paul Koehler leads.

Trips 9, 10, 24, 25. Silver Bluff Interpretive Trail. Half-day The sanctuary has a newly developed trail known as The Dynamic Forest Interpretive Trail. The trail is a 1.8 mile loop that goes through young Longleaf and Loblolly Pines, mature Slash Pine, a Black Gum Pond, and mixed woods as it follows Hollow Creek. This is a great trail to see migrants, as well as to learn about how the forests are managed from Dan Connelly, the manager of this Audubon Sanctuary.



Lynn Barber

Trips 3, 17. Gum Swamp Road & Horse Creek Water Treatment Plant. All-day Gum Swamp Road traverses the Savannah River swamp system along the South Carolina side of the river. The road, which is partly paved and partly dirt, goes through hardwood and tupelo gum swamps, fields, and deciduous woods. It is an excellent area to look for migrants. We will bird this area by driving and stopping to bird along the way. At lunch time we will drive a short way to Redcliffe Plantation State Historic Site for a picnic lunch. You will need to bring your lunch and drink, although there is a small store in nearby Beech Island where you can buy a drink. After lunch we'll go into the Horse Creek wastewater treatment plant near North Augusta. Often there are a variety of shorebirds in one or more of the basins here, and there is an interesting swamp at the entrance. An introductory safety/security lecture at the plant visitor check-in station will be given to all guests. This trip will be all driving and standing by the vehicles. Lead by Calvin Zippler.

Trip 37. Gum Swamp Road. Half-day This half-day trip will do the morning part of the description above along Gum Swamp Road. Lead by Calvin Zippler.

Carolina Bird Club Registration Form

Augusta Meeting September 24-26, 2004 and Bonus Field Trips

Name(s) _____

Address _____ City _____ State _____ Zip _____

Day Phone _____ Evening phone _____ Email _____

Enclosed is my check for $_____ for _____ member ($10) registration(s) and/or _____ nonmember ($20) registration(s)

Friday trip choices # _____/_____ Saturday trip choices # _____/_____ Sunday trip choices # _____
AM/ PM AM/PM

_____ This is my (our) first time attending a CBC meeting.

Registration for each bonus field trip costs $10/pp paid in advance.

Enclosed is my check for $_____ for _____ member(s) to join the **Fall Migration on Edisto Island, SC - Sept. 10-11 trip.**
Enclosed is my check for $_____ for _____ member(s) to join the **Southeast NC Coast - Oct. 25 trip.**

Make check payable to Carolina Bird Club and send to: CBC, 5009 Crown Point Lane, Wilmington, NC 28409.

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Upcoming CBC Bonus Trips

August 7 & 8, Shackleford Banks Birding
September 10-11, Edisto Beach State Park, SC
October 23, Southeast NC Coast

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wood29020@comporium.net

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